

Ac-225, Ge-68 and Lu-177 – RADIOISOTOPES FOR DIAGNOSTIC AND THERAPY

ITM ISOTOPE TECHNOLOGIES MUNICH SE

DR. MARIAN MECKEL, VP RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

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 - Nuclide characteristics and clinical applications
 - Manufacturing and lifecycle
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- Actinium-225 alpha-emitting therapeutic radionuclide
 - Nuclide characteristics and clinical applications
 - Manufacturing and lifecycle
 - Impurity profiles
- Germanium-68/Gallium-68 positron-emitting diagnostic radionuclide
 - Nuclide characteristics and clinical applications
 - Manufacturing and lifecycle
 - Impurity profiles

ABOUT ITM

ITM Headquarters and Nuclear Reactor at the Research Campus in Garching / Munich.

... development, production and global supply of diagnostic and
therapeutic radiopharmaceuticals & radioisotopes



ITM IAZ



FRM II Neutron Source



ITM's new Gallileo Offices



Munich Airport

That's Us.

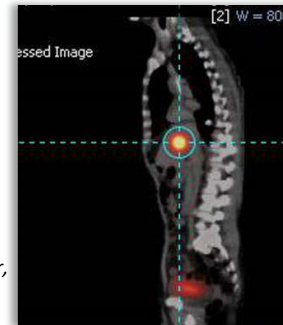
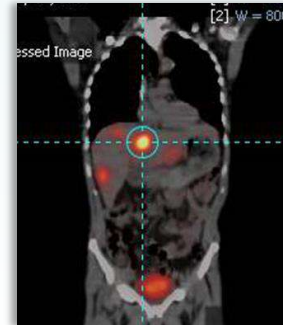
- Founded in 2004 in Garching/Munich
- Over 400 highly trained employees
- High-tech GMP infrastructure with over 900 m² of manufacturing and production area available today and approx. 4600 m² of additional space in the near future
- Unrivalled logistics network – guaranteed shipment within 24-48 h (Europe) and 72 h (Overseas) respectively
- All equipment and reagents required for the use and processing of diagnostic and therapeutic radioisotopes

LUTETIUM-177

THERAPEUTIC BETA-EMITTER

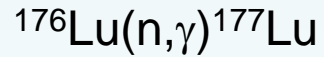
Lutetium-177

- Low energy beta (β^-) emitter
 $E_{\max} = 0.498 \text{ MeV}$
 $T_{1/2} = 6.647 \text{ d}$
- specific activity of $\geq 3.000 \text{ GBq/mg}$ (n.c.a. Lu-177) or $\geq 500 \text{ GBq/mg}$ c.a. Lu-177
- cytotoxic radiation in relatively small areas with less damage to surrounding tissue
- Imagable Gamma radiation for precise dose localization during therapy:
112.9 KeV (6.17%), 208.3 KeV (10.36%)
- radiolabeling of a variety of molecular carriers:
small molecules, and peptides, proteins and antibodies
- excellent logistical to sites distant from the reactor production facility

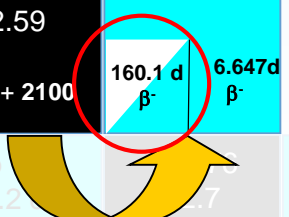


Source: Courtesy Prof. Brenner,
Dr. Prasad, Charite Berlin

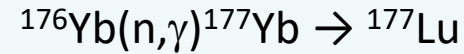
Therapeutic Lutetium-177 can be obtained on two different ways:



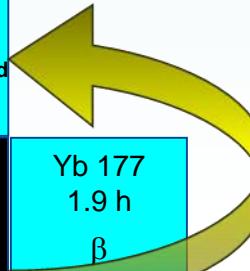
Hf 176 5.206	Hf 177 18.60		
Lu 175 97.41 σ 8	Lu 176 2.59 σ 2 + 2100	Lu 177 6.647d β^-	
Yb 174 31.8 σ 68	Yb 175 4.2d β	Yb 176 12.7h σ 3	Yb 177 1.9h β



Carrier added (c.a.) Lu-177



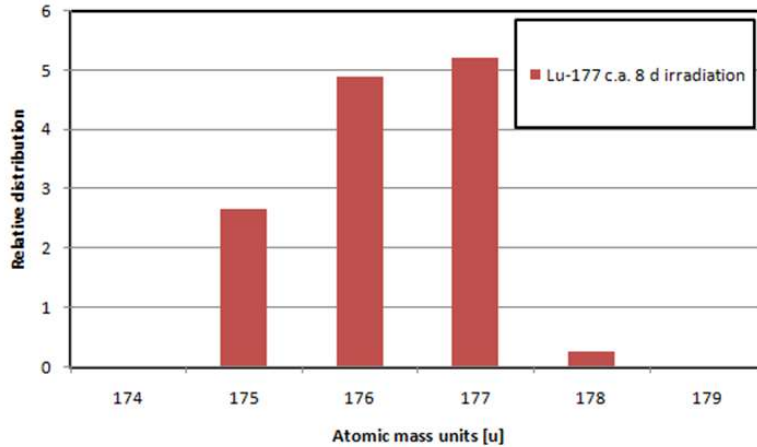
Hf 176 5.206	Hf 177 18.60		
Lu 175 97.41 σ 8	Lu 176 2.59 σ 3 + 2070	Lu 177 6.647d β^-	
Yb 174 31.8 σ 68	Yb 175 4.2d β	Yb 176 12.7 σ 3.1	Yb 177 1.9h β



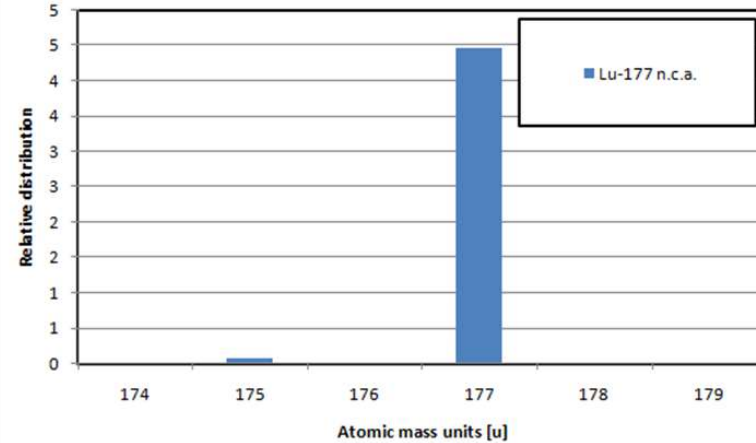
No carrier added (n.c.a.) Lu-177

Therapeutic Lutetium-177 can be obtained on two different ways:

Sf-ICP-MS



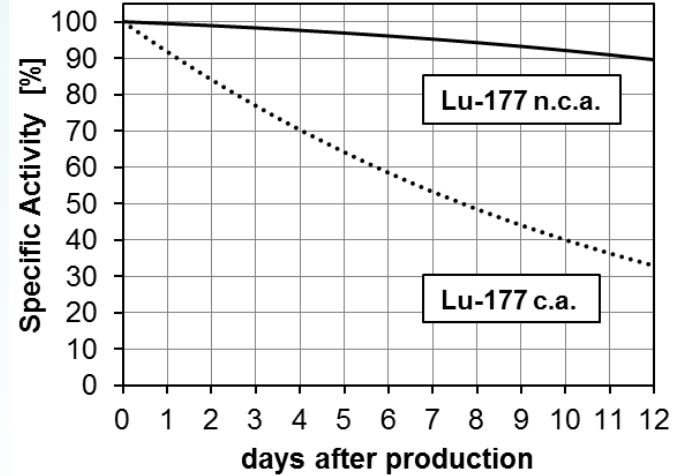
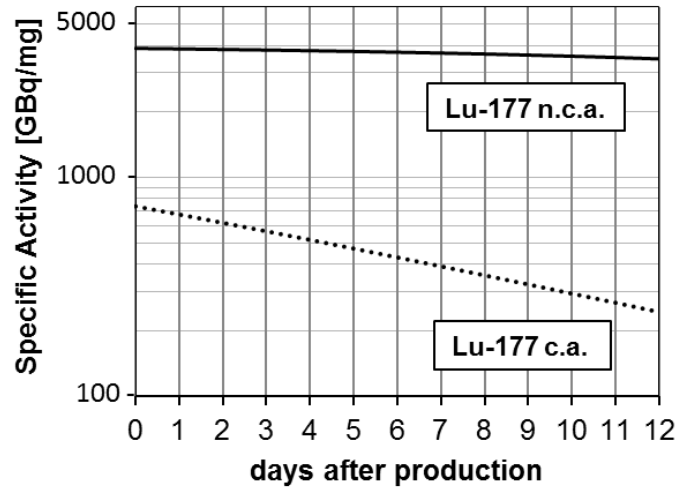
Sf-ICP-MS



- Low specific activity:
only 25 % “hot” ^{177}Lu atoms
- Long-lived radioactive impurities
up to 0.1 % of long-lived $^{177\text{m}}\text{Lu}$!
- *Limited radiolabeling performance*
- *Waste disposal problem*

- Highest specific activity:
over 90 % “hot” ^{177}Lu atoms
- Highest radionuclidic purity
No contamination with long-lived $^{177\text{m}}\text{Lu}$!
- *Best radiolabeling performance*
- *Longer shelf-life of up to 2 weeks*

Impact on Shelf-life

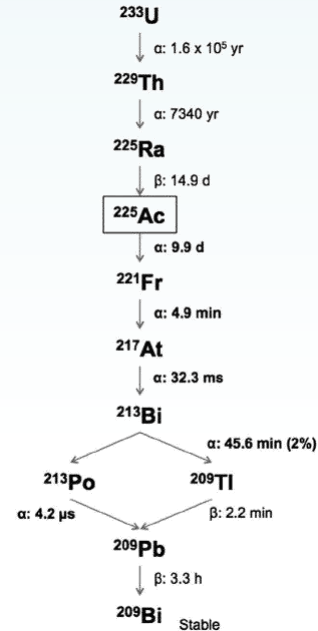


	Volumetric Activity	Specific Activity	^{177m} Lu content	Shelf-life	ART	Regulatory
c.a. Lu-177 #A	80 GBq/mL	≥ 500 GBq/mg	≤ 0.024 % @ART ≤ 0.05 % @ expiry	8 d	@ EOP	EMA registered
c.a. Lu-177 #B	> 18.5 GBq/mL	≥ 500 GBq/mg	≤ 0.02 % @EOP ≤ 0.05 % @ expiry	7 d	@ EOP	Registered in some EU countries
n.c.a. Lu-177	40 GBq/mL	≥3000 GBq/mg	none	9 d	customer choice	EMA registered

ACTINIUM-225 FOR TARGETED ALPHA THERAPY

Therapeutic Radioisotope ²²⁵Ac for Targeted Alpha Therapy.

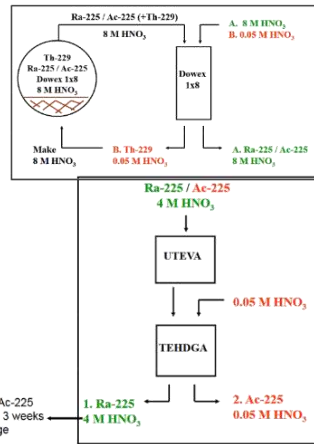
- Alpha emitter with small penetration range for highly precise cancer therapy
- Decay Chain with 5 alpha emissions
- Linear Energy Transfer with high cell killing probability
- Half-life of 9.9 days
- Longest living daughters: Pb-209, Bi-213, Fr-221
- Identification: Fr-221 (213 keV) and Bi-213 (440 keV)
- Similar complex chemistry like lanthanides



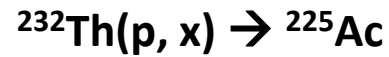
Manufacturer: ITM Medical Isotopes GmbH
For research purposes only.

1

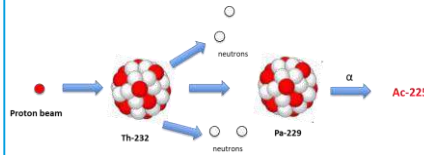
^{229}Th Generator



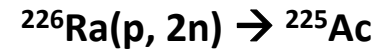
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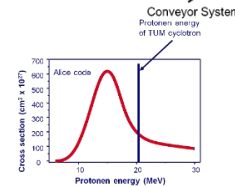
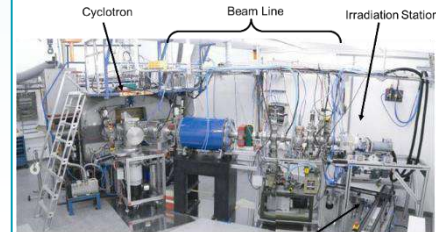
SPALLATION OF Th-232



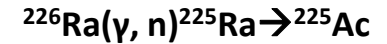
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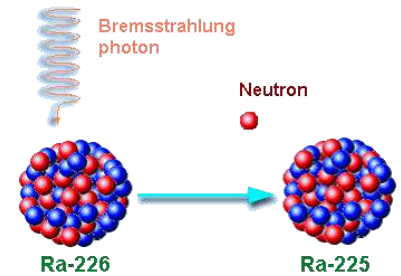
CYCLOTRON / PROTON
IRRADIATION



4



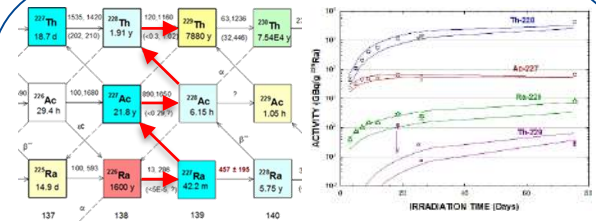
RHODOTRON, BETATRON
OR LINAC PRODUCTION
ROUTE





ELUTION OF THORIUM-229 “COW”

- Ac-225 eluted from Th-229 Generator
 ➤ ($T_{1/2} = 7340$ y)
- Amount of Th-229 is currently limited.
- Approx. 1,500 mCi/year are available (JRC, ORNL, IPPE)!
- Th-229 sources are >40 years old



Production of Thorium: Neutron Irradiation of Ra-226 or Th-232 (n,γ) U-233

- High impurities of Th-228 (app. 5000:1)
 - Th-228 $T_{1/2} = 1.9$ y ❌
 - Rn-220 daughter ❌
 - Tl-208 daughter 2615 keV γ -rays! ❌
- Uncertainty in yield and cross-sections

1

^{229}Th Generator

- ✓ Decay and purification - presently best production method
- ✗ Limited by the present capacity of generators and access to ^{229}Th
- ✗ No scalable production route

A.Morgenstern, Production and Pre-Clinical Testing of Ac-225/Bi-213 and U-230/Th-226, 6th Alpha-Immunotherapy Symposium, Toronto, June 2009.
 C.Apostolides et al. Production of Ac-225 from Th-229 for Targeted α -Therapy, Anal. Chem. 2005, 77, 6288-6291
 S.Hogle, S. Mirzadeh et al. Reactor production of Thorium-229. Applied Radiation and Isotopes, 2016, 117: 19-27.

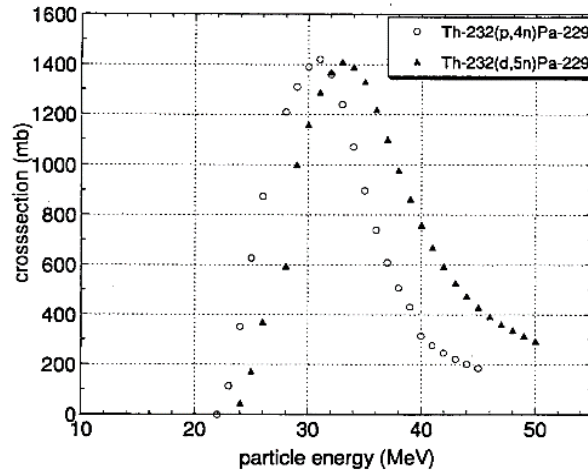
PROCESS 2: $^{232}\text{Th}(p, x) \rightarrow ^{225}\text{Ac}$



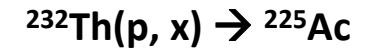
SPALLATION OF Th-232

- Irradiation of Th-232 with high energy protons
- Currently done in the US
- Limited radionuclide purity (app. 0.3% Ac-227, $T_{1/2}$ 21.8a!)

Maybe applicable for Ac-225/Bi-213 Generator production



2



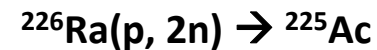
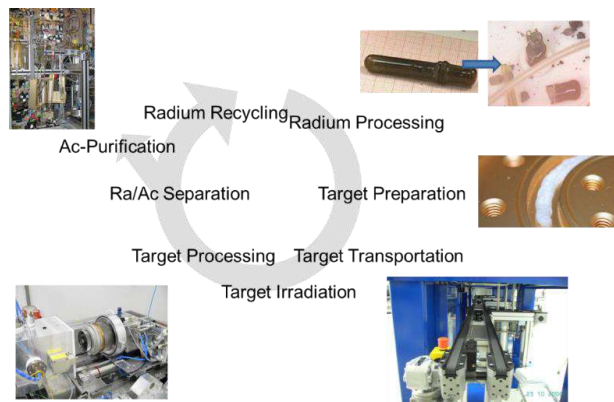
High energy accelerator process

- ✓ High amounts of ^{225}Ac
- ✗ Contaminated by ^{227}Ac ($T_{1/2} = 21.8$ a)



CYCLOTRON / PROTON IRRADIATION

- **2002-2008:** Actinium Pharmaceuticals and TUM collaboration
- Proof of principle regarding quantitative production accomplished at TUM cyclotron in Garching, Germany
- Normalized yield: Irradiation of 100 mg ^{226}Ra for 100 h with 100 μA result in 100 mCi ^{225}Ac (~4 GBq)



Cyclotron production route

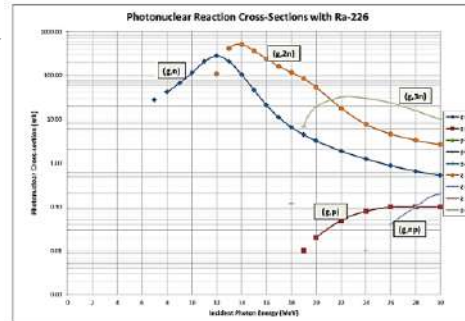
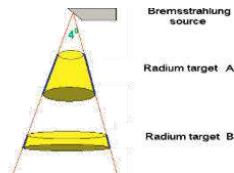
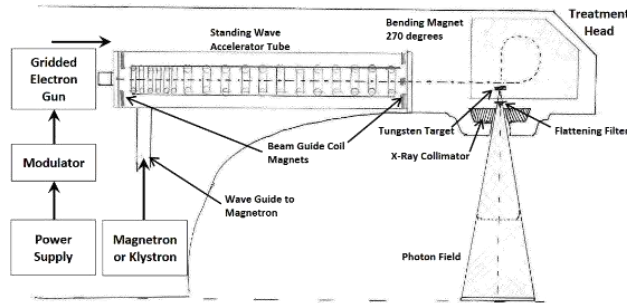
- ✓ Scalable production of clean ^{225}Ac successfully proven
- ✗ Significant investment required for large scale production

3

PROCESS 4: $^{226}\text{Ra}(\gamma, n)^{225}\text{Ra} \rightarrow ^{225}\text{Ac}$



RHODOTRON, BETATRON OR LINAC PRODUCTION ROUTE



4



- ✓ Side products have short $T_{1/2}$ can be separated
- ✓ Massive Ra-226 targets possible
- ✗ Very high photon energy required
- ✗ Proof of concept for large scale production still missing
- ✗ Significant investment required for large scale production

Therapeutic Radioisotope ^{225}Ac for Targeted Alpha Therapy.

ITM Medical Isotopes GmbH
Lichtenbergstrasse 1
85748 Garching / Munich, Germany



Certificate of Conformity

Actinium (^{225}Ac) chloride solution

Lot No.:	Ac-01-111-11	EOP [CET]:	08.12.2021 12:00
Chemical Form:	Ac³⁺ in aqueous 0.04 M HCl solution		
Packaging	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 ml type I conical glass vial, closed with fluorotec coated bromobutyl stopper and center hole crimp cap		
	<input type="checkbox"/> 10 ml type I flat bottom glass vial, closed with fluorotec coated bromobutyl stopper and center hole crimp cap		

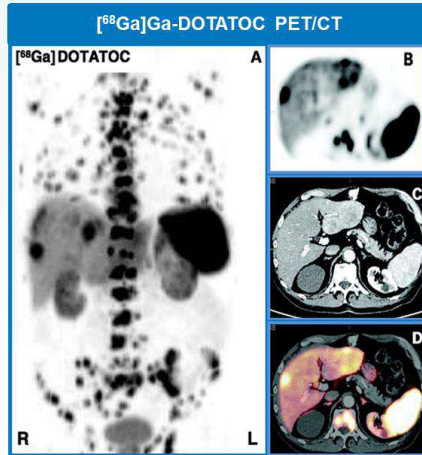
Test	Specification	Unit	Result
Activity per vial	90 - 110 of the ^{225}Ac activity	%	complies
Radioactivity Concentration	36 – 44 @ ART	MBq/ml	
Appearance	Clear and colorless solution	n.a.	complies
Identity ^{225}Ac	150 keV gamma line (Ac-225) 218 keV gamma line (Fr-221) 440 keV gamma line (Bi-213) 465 keV gamma line (Tl-209) 1567 keV gamma line (Tl-209)	n.a.	complies
pH	1 - 2	n.a.	complies
Radionuclidic purity (Impurities corrected to Ac-225 activity at TOM)	$^{225}\text{Ac} \geq 99.9$ $^{225}\text{Ra} \leq 0.001$ $^{229}\text{Th} \leq 0.0001$ $^{227}\text{Ac} \leq 0.0001$	%	complies
Radiolabeling yield (Based on radiolabeling of DOTA-derivate)	≥ 97	%	complies



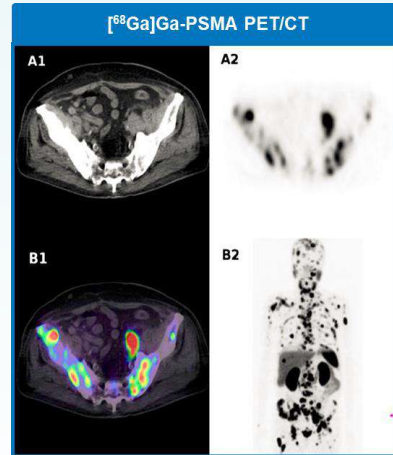
Manufacturer: ITM Medical Isotopes GmbH
For research purposes only.

DIAGNOSTIC RADIOISOTOPE

Germanium-68 / Gallium-68

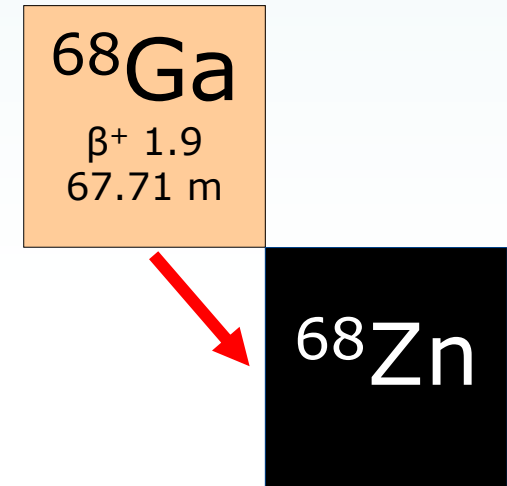


H. Westler et al. Clin Cancer Res. 2007;13:3470-3481.



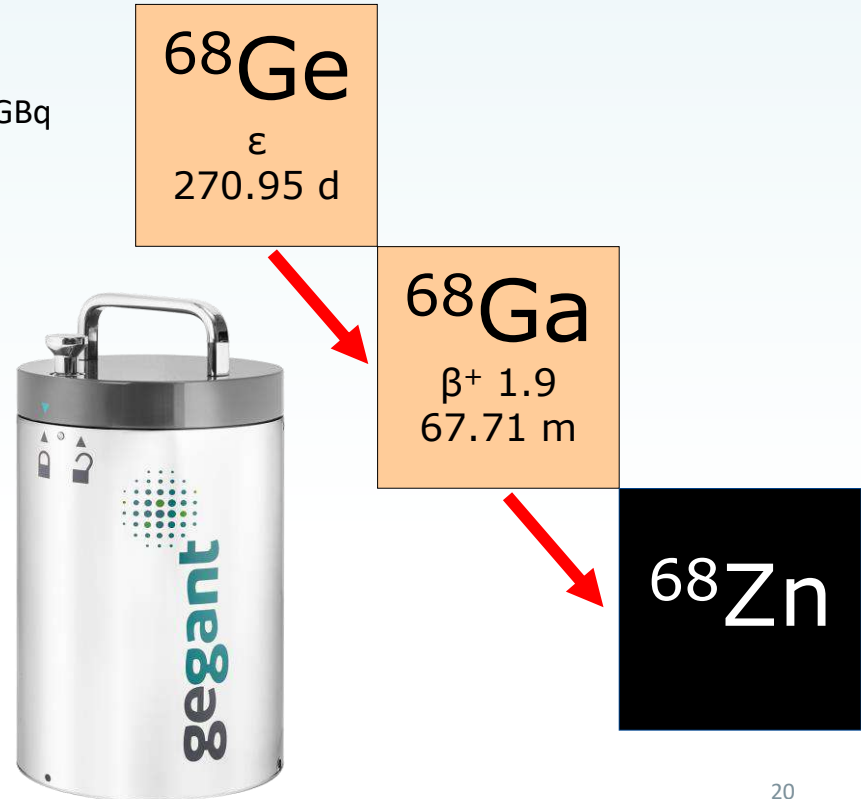
A. Afshar-Oromieh et al. EJNMMI 2013, 40: 486-495.

- $T_{1/2} = 67.71$ min
- 89 % β^+ branching
- $E_{\max, \beta^+} = 1.9$ MeV
- Positron emission tomography
- Increasing interest in the last decade
- approved compounds/Kits: $[^{68}\text{Ga}]\text{Ga-DOTATOC}$ and $[^{68}\text{Ga}]\text{Ga-PSMA-11}$ (FDA)

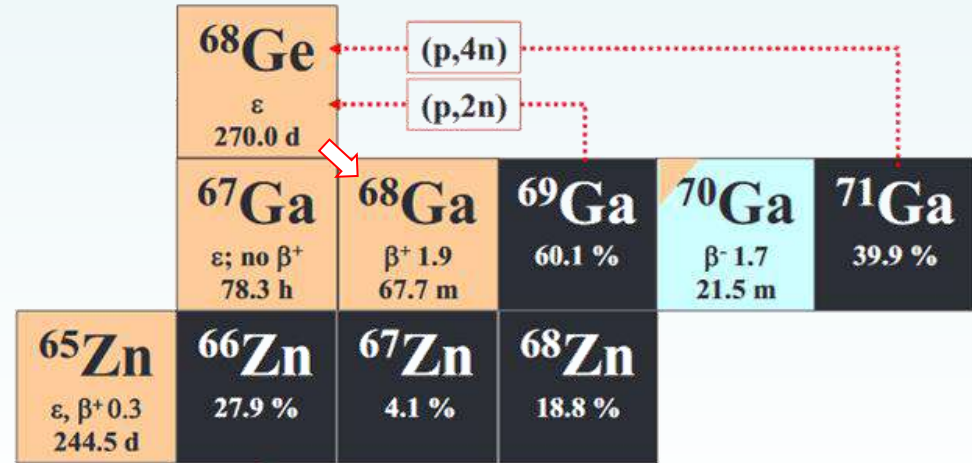
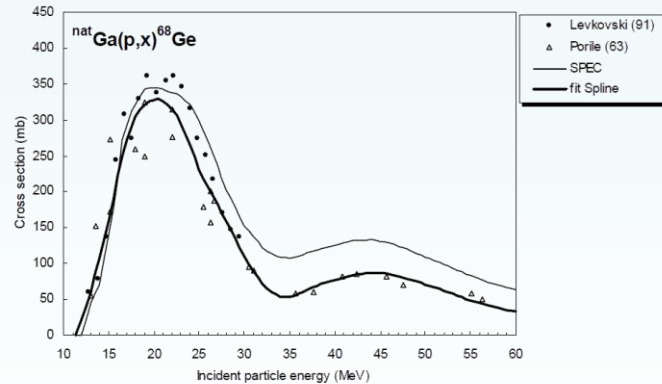


MAIN SOURCE Ge-68/Ga-68 GENERATOR

- Ge-68 trapped on solid phase for daily elution
- The generator sizes from 0.75 GBq, 1 GBq, 2 GBq and 4 GBq
- [⁶⁸Ga]GaCl₃ in accordance with Ph. Eur. 2464
- Low acidic eluent (0.05 M HCl) in 4 mL volume
- Yield ≥ 60%
- Breakthrough of ⁶⁸Ge ≤ 0.001% of total radioactivity
- Shelf-life 12 month



PRODUCTION OF Ge-68 IN CYCLOTRON



- 20 MeV protons with strong proton beam
- Natural or enriched Gallium/Nickel targets
- Long irradiation time
- Long cool down time after EOB

- Liquid-Liquid extraction from conc. HCl
- High radionuclidic purity

Ge-68 Breakthrough

- Estimated batch size of 1800 MBq Ga-68-Radiopharmaceutical in 20 mL
- Max 0.001 % of Ge-68 Breakthrough correlates to max 18 kBq Ge-68
- Usually, a factor 10 lower breakthrough

Am J Nucl Med Mol Imaging 2013;3(2):154-165
www.ajnmni.us /ISSN:2160-8407/ajnmni1212004

Original Article

Organ biodistribution of Germanium-68 in rat in the presence and absence of [^{68}Ga]Ga-DOTA-TOC for the extrapolation to the human organ and whole-body radiation dosimetry

Irina Velikyan^{1,2,3}, Gunnar Antoni^{1,2}, Jens Sörensen^{1,3}, Sergio Estrada²

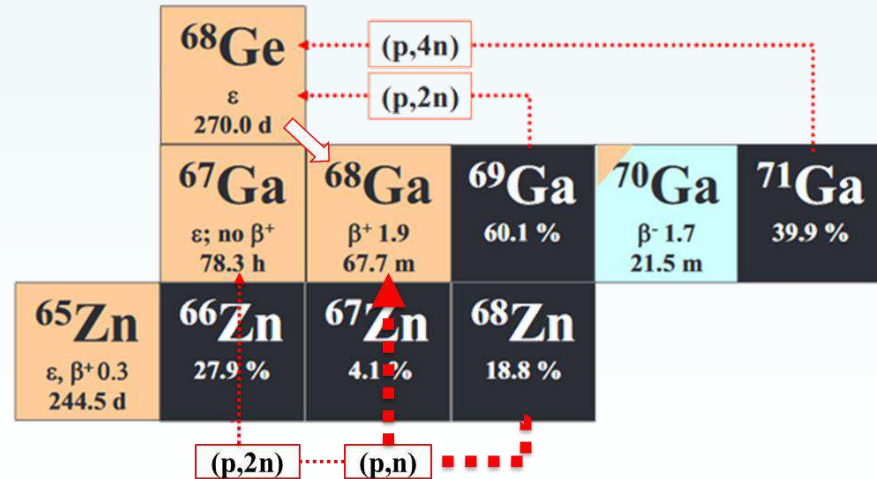
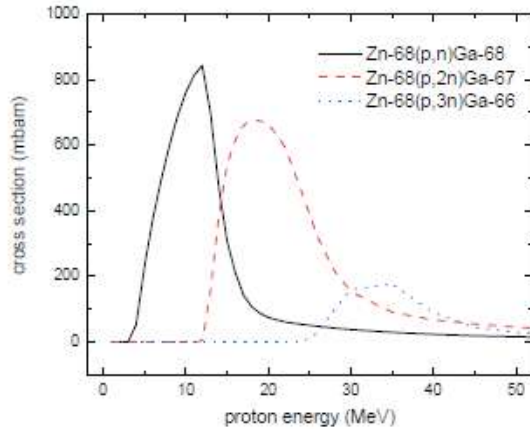
¹PET-Centre, Centre for Medical Imaging, Uppsala University Hospital, Uppsala, Sweden; ²Department of Medicinal Chemistry, Preclinical PET Platform, Uppsala University, SE-75183 Uppsala, Sweden; ³Department of Radiology, Oncology and Radiation Science, Uppsala University, SE-75285 Uppsala, Sweden

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Table 2. Organ- and effective doses ([^{68}Ge]GeCl₄; [$\mu\text{Sv}/\text{MBq}$]) for human females and males*

	FEMALE**	MALE***
Kidneys	185±54	171±38
Adrenals	83±41	40±10
Liver	38±0.4	19±7
LLI wall	23±7	15±0.2
ULI wall	17±5	12±0.1
Red marrow	13±4	12±4
Spleen	11±0.1	8.5±0.8
Osteogenic cells	11±3	6.9±1.6
Small intestine	10±0.8	9.7±1
Ovaries/Testes	9.2±1	1.8±0.5
Urinary Bladder Wall	7.7±1	7.0±0.5
Breasts	7.4±1	NA
Uterus	7.4±1	NA
Stomach wall	7.4±1	6.4±0.6
Thymus	7.4±1	6.4±0.6
Thyroid	7.4±1	6.4±0.6
Gall bladder wall	7.1±1	6.3±0.6
Skin	7.1±1	6.0±0.3
Lungs	3.2±0.2	3.2±0.3
Heart wall	2.6±0.9	2.1±0.2
Muscle	2.0±0.1	1.5±0.2
Pancreas	1.9±0.1	1.9±0.1
Brain	1.2±0.1	1.4±0.7
Total effective dose	15.5±0.1	±1.2

PRODUCTION OF Ga-68 IN CYCLOTRON



- 10 MeV protons
- enriched solid or liquid Zn-68 targets
- Relatively high activities
- Ga-67 main radionuclidic impurity

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